

Question Part

|   |     |  |
|---|-----|--|
| 1 | F   | <p>Source is strongly supports the viewpoint that there was widespread opposition towards the religious changes under Edward VI. This source, written in a contemporary Catholic chronicle puts forward the notion that the harsh ways of EVI enforcement of the religious changes to reform the church can suggest <del>oppos</del> widespread opposition.</p> <p>When EVI began his religious changes, the 1547 attack on Catholicism was an extremely sudden and dramatic attack which can be described in this source as "on the 15th of September 1547 began the King's visitation at St Pauls and all the images were pulled down" which denotes the severity of the attack, the intensity of opposition towards this is hinted to be extremely strong in this source as before 1547, Henry VIII had a prominent Catholic role which juxtaposes these removals and attacks</p> |
|   | EXP |  |
|   | SC  |  |





Question Part

|    |  |
|----|--|
| P  | <p><del>then</del> and falsely emphasizing the <del>amount</del> extent of the attack</p>  |
| SC | <p>on catholicism which can limit the sources in <del>between</del> ground the extent to which there was widespread opposition to the religious changes under EUI. However on the other hand, this source despite being having catholic origins is factually sound and accurate as under EUI there were many writings by Bishops such as Hooper and they found that 10 out of 311 clergy members were unable to recite the Lord's Prayer and 171 out of 311 were unable to say Mass due to <del>communion</del> <del>communion</del> so as a result the <del>communion</del> were placed on the walls like this source states. This can be argued to be on account of ignorance and opposition as the refusal to accept the new reforms for protestant faith and less than more protestant</p> |
| KU | <p>and 171 out of 311 were unable to say Mass due to <del>communion</del> <del>communion</del> so as a result the <del>communion</del> were placed on the walls like this source states. This can be argued to be on account of ignorance and opposition as the refusal to accept the new reforms for protestant faith and less than more protestant</p>   |



Question Part

beliefs is clearly opposed. Therefore, this source strongly supports the viewpoint that there was widespread opposition to the religious charges under EUI.

F

Similarly, Source B also strongly supports the viewpoint that there was widespread opposition to the religious charges under EUI. This

EXP

source believes that the causes of the 1549 western rebellion which is one of the 25 oppositional rebellions against EUI's religious charges and this rebellion is one of

KU

only two that required national troops to put down. The religious demands of the western rebels in direct response to the 1549 prayer book were 'mass in Latin' which was in 1549 converted to English, 'holy bread and holy water' which related to the Eucharist Catholic practice of transubstantiation





Question Part

approach to place greater emphasis on the negative effects of ZVI religious changes. In addition to On's, this source has reputation bias as it minimises the failures of the Western rebellion as despite there undeniably being opposition towards the religious changes after the rebels marched to Exeter, ~~the~~ complete the siege of Exeter the rebels were shot with fire which resulted in 4000 killed so despite there being opposition it was not necessarily effective so the extent of opposition was limited when can also be seen in the 1549 Peasants' rebellion led by Robert Kett. Overall, this source strongly supports the viewpoint that there was widespread opposition to the religious changes under ZVI and it uses the Western rebellion as an

KU

KU



Question Part

|  |     |  |
|--|-----|--|
|  |     | their demands as a key<br>example of their.  |
|  | F   | Source C somewhat supports<br>the viewpoint that there was<br>widespread opposition to the<br>reigning charges under EU.<br>Source C can be used as a<br>highly credible source as   |
|  | P   | it is an act of parliament<br>that condemns all members<br>service books and images<br>thus the authors have a   |
|  | EXP | high level of expertise<br>and it is more likely   |
|  | SC  | free from political bias<br>liking or influence on<br>the contents. This source<br>begins by stating that the<br>Book of common prayer<br>which contains nothing<br>but the word of god -<br>and the book of common<br>prayer is proven to have<br>spurred the main 1549<br>western rebellion as a |
|  | KU  | form of oppression. In<br>addition to this the 1549<br>rebellion in Essex  |



Question Part

Anglia and most especially  
 Norwich proved that not  
 only opposition was not only  
 prominent but it was  
 widespread and diffused over  
 vast areas within  
 England in such a short  
 period of time (1549). It  
 supports the viewpoint  
 above as it shows that  
 the ease of or the  
 restrictions of superstitious  
 ceremonies such as saying  
 mass to be dead always  
 seem to attract the order and  
 meaning of the prayer  
 book and encourage  
 great diversity of opinion.  
 Therefore, this shows that  
 due to Evis inability to  
 fully enforce his restrictions  
 there was widespread  
 opposition to these religious  
 changes perhaps because  
 the Catholic dominated  
 side of England were  
 able to gain an insight  
 into Catholic ceremonial  
 practices when made

EXP





Question Part

to be religious changes  
under ZVI as it ~~for~~ was  
originated from a Protestant  
paperman who holds personal  
views due to his heavy  
affiliations with ZVI  
by being his former  
tutor thus minimizing the  
influence of ~~others~~.

~~He argues~~ John Chave  
argues that ~~the~~ by 1883  
there was a fully reformed  
church with ~~thus~~ ~~any~~  
standing and there was  
not widespread opposition  
as the King has accomplished  
more in his youth than  
many have done in his  
adult life which differs  
from other young Kings  
such as Henry VIII

who reformed when he was  
9 and a civil war broke  
out. M.S. comment commemorates  
ZVI on his religious  
changes such as the  
1549 Prayer Book and  
the 1552 & 1562 Prayer  
books as ~~the~~ ~~these~~



Question Part

battles were drawn to be  
 especially challenging based  
 of MULLI's catholic focused  
 beliefs. There is writing of  
 a Protestant reformer  
 in Switzerland in 1553 who  
 is most likely Henry  
 Buringer when ~~first~~  
 draws the view that there  
 was little opposition to  
 religious changes as Buringer  
 was used as a form of  
 Protestantism challenge to  
 Elizabeth 1st rule in 1558.  
 However, this same day  
 took into account that  
 he was not commensurate  
 enough for the when  
 things like the ~~for~~ Wagon  
 and best rebellion.

Overall, source A and source  
 B strongly support the  
 view that there was  
 widespread opposition  
 to the religious changes under  
 Elizabeth 1st as they both argue  
 that the Wagon rebellion  
 and the harsh terms of











|                    |        |                   |        |
|--------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| Candidate forename | Rheeye | Candidate surname | Sahota |
|--------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|

|               |   |   |   |   |   |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Centre number | 2 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 2 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|

|                  |   |   |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Candidate number | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
|------------------|---|---|---|---|

|           |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Unit code | Y | 1 | 0 | 7 | / | 0 | 1 |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Write here how many booklets you have used in total |  |
|---|--|

## 4 PAGE CONTINUATION BOOKLET

Write the information required clearly in the boxes above using capital letters.

Question Part

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| 3 |  | dealt with and as a result<br>it challenged and threatened<br>Down public confidence as<br>well as her genuine ability<br>to effectively rule England<br>as a monarch. Due to the<br>bad harvests <sup>begin</sup> in 1598 the<br>prices of food were nearly<br>doubled as the production<br>of staple foods such<br>as grain were reduced<br>and many began a<br>society. Over the whole<br>course of Elizabeth's reign from<br>1558 - 1603 and in<br>particular 1598 - 1603 |
|---|--|---|

This document consists of 4 pages



Question Part

|  |     |  |
|--|-----|--|
|  |     | There was a young population when most of them were more consumers than producers which negatively impacted subsistence farming. This issue proved to be of great as it was countered when decrease in agricultural production due to farmers moving to the wool farming sector than arable land and the rise in population by 218% over the years of 1508. When wars such as the 1588 Spanish Armada and colonial wars relations with France ended after the 1559 treaty of Cateau-Cambresis seemed it proved that the E's lack of effectiveness to deal with these social and economic issues as the start of her reign continued over into the rest of her reign after 1558 thus having a detrimental |
|  | EXP |  |
|  | EXP |  |
|  | EXP |  |



Question Part

|    |  |
|----|--|
| KU | <p>Impact on the 16th century economy as long loans were taken with a 10% interest and from combined with El having to take money sell royal land all caused emerged to a serious crisis to El due as it proved her incapability to do anything was and times of unrest.</p>   |
| F  | <p><del>The directly inhibiting int</del><br/> Furthermore, the longevity of the foreign issues and economic issues of El negatively impacted her foreign relations as El became codependent upon Spain and Philip II to trade with the Netherlands. It was under the Spanish Habsburg empire. <del>was</del> During and after the 1580s Spanish empire the cost of the was reduced from £10 million to £7 million when <del>the</del> meant that although</p> |



Question Part

there was a perceived need  
 over Spain the victory did  
 not amount to much in  
 relation to her internal  
 situation as the repercussions  
 of the war led to unrest  
 soon as the Essex rebellion  
 as it led people to  
 grow doubts around E's  
 capabilities and they  
 the people linked the  
 necessity to her Protestant  
 faith and how this was  
 a limiting factor of  
 Elizabethan England through  
 1588 - 1603 and there was  
 now a pressing need for  
 reform more than ever  
 before. It also caused  
 doubts about her age  
 and her ability to command  
 the military anymore.  
 So foreign threats and  
 in particular Spain were  
 more significant than  
 the Essex rebellion as  
 a threat to Elizabeth's reign  
 as it proved more



|                    |        |                   |        |
|--------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|
| Candidate forename | Rheeya | Candidate surname | Sahota |
|--------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|

|               |   |   |   |   |   |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Centre number | 2 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 2 |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|

|                  |   |   |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Candidate number | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
|------------------|---|---|---|---|

|           |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Unit code | 8 | 1 | 0 | 7 | / | 0 | 1 |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Write here how many booklets you have used in total |  |
|---|--|

## 4 PAGE CONTINUATION BOOKLET

Write the information required clearly in the boxes above using capital letters.

Question Part

|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| 1 |  | <p>the 1840s attacks on<br/>capitalism accompanied by<br/>ultimately defeat oppose<br/>his religious changes.<br/>Source C remains somewhat<br/>supportive of the government<br/>but it is undoubtedly<br/>less strong in character<br/>on the other end of the<br/>spectrum Source D does<br/>not support this view<br/>to a large extent due to<br/>the center primary focus<br/>on EVI achievement.</p> |
|---|--|--|

This document consists of 4 pages



Question Part

|   |     |   |
|---|-----|---|
| 3 |     | In the period 1588 to 1603  |
|   | ✓   | <p> <del>It</del> I do not strongly agree with the statement that the Essex rebellion was the most serious threat to Elizabeth I (EI) as other factors such as the longevity of the social and economic problems she         </p>   |
|   | . F | <p>           inherited in 1558 and <del>of</del> uncertain foreign relations were undoubtedly more impactful and serious <del>to the</del> threat of to EI.         </p>   |
|   | F   | <p> <del>It</del> That <del>is</del> 1596 Essex rebellion was not a nearly serious threat to EI as although the Earl of Essex forming the Irish rebellion was an <del>an</del> <del>strong</del> oppositional force towards Elizabeth the genuine strength of it was not as severe as the <del>the</del> <del>many</del> factors of the Essex rebellion seen as the lack of support from         </p> |
|   | ✓   | <p>           the Duke of Norfolk who was deployed by EI in         </p>  |



Question Part

related to deal with other  
 threats such as the  
 bygone rebellion and the  
 amount of apostolical force  
 EI had over the Essex  
 rebellion encouraged to  
 prove the lack of threat  
 that was entailed for EI's  
 reign in terms of  
 stability of the monarchy.

EXP

EI forces had over 17,000  
 soldiers in comparison to  
 the 4,000 of Essex so  
 that ability to quickly  
 and efficiently crush this  
 rebellion proved EI if not  
 more than before to be an  
 effective female monarch  
 despite the doubts upon  
 succession accession to be  
 Anne in 1553. However,  
 the Earl of Warwick also  
 played a key role in the  
 Essex rebellion and despite  
 it being a failure it can  
 be deemed as a doctrinal  
 success as it promoted  
 and spread the catholic  
 beliefs of that day to



Question Part

Factor ~~was~~ desired when  
lead as promulgating and  
speed of these renewed.  
However, as a threat to Z1  
this was mainly on a local  
level and ~~is~~ significant did  
not leave the district of  
Essex thus it was not  
the most serious threat to  
Z1 in 1558 - 1603 as  
the accumulation of their  
failures and ~~the~~ other  
more prominent ~~threats~~  
Prominent threats such as  
the social and economic  
problems and foreign  
relations were more serious.

The longevity of the social  
and economic problems of  
food prices, agriculture  
and population upon Z1's  
access to power was  
more significant as a threat  
to Z1 than the Essex  
rebellion. In 1558 when  
Z1 took over after Mary  
I's death these problems  
were not efficiently



## Off Page Comments

| Item Name | Comment   |
|-----------|---|
| 1         | <b>Unconvincing on A, does not expl the religious element of Kett was pro-Prot.<br/>Expl with some K and P I4</b> |
| 3         | <b>Expl with some K and P I4</b>  |
| 2         | <b>Partial focus and little on Essex, L3</b>  |